Microfiche No.					
	OTBOSIE	? \$43			
New Doc I.D.			Old Doc I.D.		
	86-870002153	3100000			<u> </u>
Date Produced		Date Recieve		TSCA a	ection 2
	3/09/61		9/04/37		
Submitting Organization	ation				
		A 50A 4577-4 TO 50A			
		CHENICAL			
Contractor					
			·	=	
Document Title					
	Farmer Findin				
Chamical Ca			1, 1		
Chemical Ca					
BROKSFORM	(75-25-2)				



Biochemical Research Laboratory

The Dow Chemical Company

RESULTS OF RANGE FINDING TOXICOLOGICAL TESTS ON BROMOFORM

Signed M. Olan, Mar. C. 61

Checked 7 Days 3-6-61

Irrelevant, Filling Data Irrelevant, Internal Codes

Sub. by V. K. Rowe Rept. by K. J. Olson

I relevant Distribution

CONTAINS NO CBI

Ĉ EPA-OTS

0000494430

PROBLEM

86-870002153

Bromoform was submitted for toxicological investigation and definition of industrial handling hazards.

CONCLUSIONS

Bromoform possesses a low acute oral toxicity. There should be no problem from ingestion incidental to industrial handling.

Undiluted bromoform is only slightly irritating to the eye. Direct contact might be somewhat discomforting but would likely produce no more than a slight conjunctivitis which would be expected to subside within a day or two. Minimal eye protection is recommended for industrial handling.

Undiluted Bromoform should not present a serious hazard from the standpoint of skin contact irritation. In cases of exposed skin areas like the hands repeated prolonged contact would likely produce no more than slight hyperemia. Under conditions where it might be confined to the surface as exemplified by contaminated gloves, socks, or clothing in general, prolonged contact might result in some skin redness and repeated prolonged contact would probably burn. Such exposure should be avoided. Generally speaking, reasonable care and cleanliness should avert skin irritation incidental to industrial handling. Abraded skin should be protected.

Results of skin absorption tests conducted in the laboratory on rabbits

Biochemical Research Laboratory Irrelevant, Internal Codes Page 2

CONCLUSIONS (CONTINUED)

indicate that bromoform possesses a low order of toxicity by this route, however, there should be no problem from skin absorption incidental to industrial handling. Frolonged, repeated contact should be avoided.

Bromoform presents a definite problem from the standpoint of vapor inhalation. Vapor concentrations which might well be dangerous to life in a short time are readily attainable under conditions of room temperature. The vapors in concentrations sufficient to cause systemic injury are probably not irritating to the eyes and nose. Exposure to the vapors of Bromoform should be avoided. The material should be handled under a hood or in a well ventilated area. For cleaning up accidental spills it is recommended that a full face gas mask equipped with a suitable canister be used in well ventilated areas or a self contained breathing apparatus be used in poorly ventilated areas.

These conclusions are based upon range finding toxicological tests and are limited to precautions for industrial handling of the material. Development of specific uses will require consideration of the health problems presented and of the need for further toxicological studies.

SUMMARY OF RANGE FINDING TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

Acute Oral Toxicity		Dose	No.Died		
Animal	Preparation Fed	(g./kg.)	No .Fed	Response-Remarks	
Rat	10% solution in corn oil	1.0	0/2	Extensive liver injury and some kidney injury observed at autopsy.	
Rat	10% solution in corn oil	2.0	5\5	Extensive liver and kidney injury observed at autopsy.	

<u> Eye Contact - Ra</u>	DDLV			
M. terial Treat	ment	Respons	e-Remarks	
Undiluted Washe unwas	d and Slight c	onjunctivitis l week.	only subsided	1n 48

Biochemical Research Laboratory Irrelevant, Internal Codes Page 3

Material	Duration of Exposure	Dose (g./kg.)	No.Died No.Exposed	Response-Remarks
Undiluted	24 hrs.	2.0	0/2	One animal lost weight. Slight hyperemia, edema and necrosis upon removal of cuff. Animals were drowsy.

Skin Contact - Rabi Condition			
Material of Skin	ADD1.	S1te	Response-Remarks
Undiluted Intact	9	Ta r	Slight sporadic hyperemia with slight exfoliation.
Undiluted Intact	2	Belly	Slight hyperemia followed first application. Slight hyperemia, moderate edema and necrosis followed second. Skin heal ed with moderate scab and scar in 21 days.
Undiluted Abraded	2	Belly	Essentially same as above with extensive scab and scar in 21 days.

Inhalation (Saturated Atmosphere)					
Animal	Bath Temperature	Hours Exposed	No.Died No.Treated	Response-Remarks	
Rat	Room	0.5	0/3	Animals drowsy when removed from chamber, some liver and kidney injury at autopsy.	
Rat	Room	1.0	4/4	Animals alive when removed from chamber 3 divides after.	

FIRST AID MEASURES Page 4

SITE CÔTILIST	X If the eyes are convainable, they should be Stacked Immediately with explose assumes of Stating water for at lease 15 minutes. X Middeal attended about the challend is intention posterior or develope after weaking of the eyes. Middeal attended about the challend.
	HERICAL ATTENTION SHOULD THEN BE COTAINED STRIOUT DELAY.
SKIM GBNTACT	Any injuries or initiations which may develop abould receive medical extension. Comminsted clothing and shows should be removed and not re-used until thoroughly closmed. X Such comminsted chief with every and pleasy of water. Comminsted clothing, including about these should be removed and the affected chief area aboutd be weated thoroughly with
	scop and pleaty of water.
	Medical attention about then be obtained. Contaminated cluthing and shows should not be re-used until thereughly cleaned.
	All contaminated clothing, including sheen, must be removed immediately and the affected skin area flushed theroughly with water from a safety shower, or other suitable device and closused with soap and pleasy of water.
	MEDICAL ATTENTION MUST THEN BE OBTAINED AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE. Contaminated clothing including shoon, must not be re-used until theroughly closed or must be discarded.
MMALATION	If a person should experience any noticeable ill effects from breathing the vapor or femos of this material, medical attention should be obtained promptly.
	If a person should be overcome from breathing this material, he should be removed to fresh air at once, he made so cost, kept warm, and MEDICAL ATTENTION SHOULD BE OBTAINED IMMEDIATELY. If breathing scope, artificial respiration should be administered.
INGESTION	If appreciable amounts of material are availoued, venicing abould be induced by tickling the back of the tengue with the finger or by giving an exercic such as 2 tablespecialis of table salt in a glass of warm water. Medical attention should then be obtained.
	If the material is awallowed, veniting asset be induced by tickling the back of the tengue with the finger or by giving an emetic such as 2 tablespacefuls of table soit in a glass of warm wases. MEDICAL ATTENTION SHOULD THEN BE OBTAINED WITHOUT DELAY

COMMENTS:

CW

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the microimages appearing on this microfiche are accurate and complete reproductions of the records of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency documents as delivered in the regular course of business for microfilming.

Data produced 2 17 89 Backers Smith
(Month) (Day) (Year) Camera Operator

Place Syracuse New York
(City) (State)

